

Exercises to the lecture  
Concurrency Theory  
Sheet 7

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**Exercise 7.1** (Simulation Relation)

Let  $TS = (\Gamma, \gamma_0, \rightarrow)$  be a transition system and  $\leq \subseteq \Gamma \times \Gamma$  be a quasi ordering. Show that  $\leq$  is a simulation relation if and only if for each upward closed set  $I \subseteq \Gamma$  we have that  $\text{pre}(I)$  is also upward closed.

**Exercise 7.2** (Product of WSTSs)

Let  $TS^1 = (\Gamma^1, \gamma_0^1, \rightarrow^1, \leq^1)$  and  $TS^2 = (\Gamma^2, \gamma_0^2, \rightarrow^2, \leq^2)$  be WSTSs. We define their product  $TS^1 \times TS^2$  to be  $(\Gamma, \gamma_0, \rightarrow, \leq)$  with

- $\Gamma = \Gamma^1 \times \Gamma^2$ ,
- $\gamma_0 = (\gamma_0^1, \gamma_0^2)$ ,
- $(\gamma^1, \gamma^2) \rightarrow (\bar{\gamma}^1, \bar{\gamma}^2)$  if  $\gamma^1 \rightarrow^1 \bar{\gamma}^1$  and  $\gamma^2 \rightarrow^2 \bar{\gamma}^2$ ,
- $(\gamma^1, \gamma^2) \leq (\bar{\gamma}^1, \bar{\gamma}^2)$  if  $\gamma^1 \leq^1 \bar{\gamma}^1$  and  $\gamma^2 \leq^2 \bar{\gamma}^2$ .

Prove that  $TS^1 \times TS^2$  is a WSTS.

**Exercise 7.3** (Termination)

Let  $TS = (\Gamma, \gamma_0, \rightarrow, \leq)$  be a WSTS where

- $\gamma \leq \gamma'$  is decidable for each  $\gamma, \gamma' \in \Gamma$ ,
- the set  $\text{post}(\gamma) = \{\gamma' \mid \gamma \rightarrow \gamma'\}$  is finite and computable, for each  $\gamma \in \Gamma$ .

The WSTS  $TS$  is called *terminating* if every computation starting in  $\gamma_0$  is finite.

Show that the *termination problem* is decidable. That is, given a WSTS  $TS$  like above, decide whether  $TS$  is terminating.

**Exercise 7.4** (LCSs with strong messages)

Let  $L_S = (Q, q_0, \{c\}, M \cup S, \rightarrow)$  be a lossy channel system with a single channel  $c$  and  $S$  a finite set of *strong messages*. This means that messages from  $S$  cannot be forgotten.

- a) Define the transition relation  $\rightarrow_S$  induced by  $L_S$ . It should correspond to the usual one defined in the lecture in the case  $S = \emptyset$ .

*Hint:* You have to define a particular order that does not delete the symbols of  $S$  and acts like the subword order on  $M$ .

- b) Assume there is a  $k \in \mathbb{N}$  such that the number of strong messages in each channel is bounded by  $k$ . Prove that the resulting restriction  $L_S(k)$  of  $L_S$  is a WSTS.

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