

Concurrency theory

Exercise sheet 4

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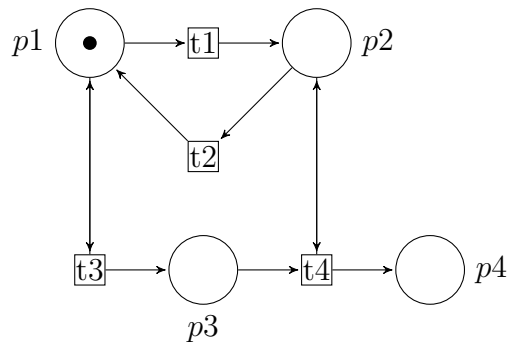
Out: November 09

Due: November 14

Submit your solutions until Tuesday, November 14, during the lecture. You may submit in groups up to three persons.

Exercise 1: Coverability and place boundedness

Consider the following Petri net



- Construct the coverability graph $\text{Cov}(N)$ using the algorithm seen in the lecture.
- Is $\text{Cov}(N)$ unique?
- Do you need to label the edges of $\text{Cov}(N)$ to solve the coverability instance?

Exercise 2: Upward-closed sets

For a finite alphabet Σ and $w_1, w_2 \in \Sigma^*$, let $w_1 \leq w_2$ if and only if w_1 is a subword of w_2 [i.e. w_1 can be obtained by deleting zero or more letters in w_2]. For any $\mathcal{L} \subseteq \Sigma^*$, the upward-closure of \mathcal{L} is defined as $\mathcal{L} \uparrow = \{w \mid \exists w' \in \mathcal{L} : w' \leq w\}$ and the downward closure $\mathcal{L} \downarrow$ is defined as $\mathcal{L} \downarrow = \{w \mid \exists w' \in \mathcal{L} : w \leq w'\}$

- Show that for any language $\mathcal{L} \subseteq \Sigma^*$, the languages $\mathcal{L} \uparrow$ and $\mathcal{L} \downarrow$ are regular. (Assume that the set of finite sequences over a finite alphabet, ordered by the subword relation, is well-quasi-ordered)
- Let (A, \leq) be a wqo and $M_1, M_2 \subseteq A$ finite. Show that it is decidable if $M_1 \uparrow = M_2 \uparrow$.